第五章 雙變量隨機變數

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第 5.7 節 條件分配 (conditional distribution)

X,Y 為 discrete r.v.s. 在已知 $\{Y=y\}$ 事件發生條件下, $\{X=x\}$ 事件發生的條件機率為:該聯合機率佔邊際機率 $P(\{Y=y\})$ 的比重。

i.e. :
$$P(X = x | Y = y) = \frac{P(X = x, Y = y)}{P(Y = y)} = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x, y)}{f_Y(y)}$$

Check
$$\sum_{x} P(X = x | Y = y) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{x} P(X = x | Y = y) = \sum_{x} \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_{Y}(y)} = \frac{1}{f_{Y}(y)} \sum_{x} f_{X,Y}(x,y)$$
$$= \frac{1}{f_{Y}(y)} f_{Y}(y) = 1$$

條件機率函數:
$$f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_{Y}(y)}$$

Note: 給定 y, $f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y)$ 為 x 的函數.

i.e.: $\{X = x\}$ 發生機率會受到不同的 y 的影響。

同理,
$$f_{Y|X}(y|X=x) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_X(x)}$$

Ex 5.22 在 Ex 5.3 中,已知 $\{Y = y\}$ 發生之下,X 的條件機率為:

$$f_{X|Y}(x|Y=1) = P({X=x}|{Y=1}) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,1)}{f_{Y}(1)}$$

$$f_{X|Y}(1|Y=1) = \frac{0.1}{0.4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$f_{X|Y}(2|Y=1) = \frac{0.2}{0.4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f_{X|Y}(3|Y=1) = \frac{0.1}{0.4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

同理
$$f_{Y|X}(y|X=2) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(2,y)}{f_X(2)}$$

$$f_{Y|X}(1|X=2) = \frac{0.2}{0.5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$f_{Y|X}(2|X=2) = \frac{0.1}{0.5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$f_{Y|X}(3|X=2) = \frac{0.2}{0.5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$f_{Y|X}(4|X=2)=0$$

Note: 若 X,Y 獨立,
$$f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_{Y}(y)} = \frac{f_{X}(x) \cdot f_{Y}(y)}{f_{Y}(y)} = f_{X}(x)$$

$$\therefore$$
 若 X,Y 獨立 \Leftrightarrow $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(y)$ $\forall x,y$

$$\therefore \Leftrightarrow f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y) = f_X(x)$$

亦即:若條件機率函數 = 邊際機率函數 $\forall (x,y)$

 \Leftrightarrow X,Y independent.

直覺:因為X與Y獨立,Y發生與否不會影響X:.條件機率與邊際機率相等。

若 X,Y 為 continuous r.v.s. 在 Y = y 的條件下, X 的條件機率密度函數 (conditional pdf)為

$$f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_Y(y)}$$

必須滿足:
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y)dx=1$$

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_{Y}(y)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{f_{Y}(y)} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(x,y) dx = \frac{1}{f_{Y}(y)} f_{Y}(y) = 1$$

由 conditional pdf 的定義:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = f_{X|Y}(x|Y = y) \cdot f_{Y}(y)$$

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = f_{Y|X}(y|X = x) \cdot f_{X}(x)$$
若 X,Y 獨立 \Leftrightarrow $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = f_{X}(x) \cdot f_{Y}(y) \quad \forall x, y$

$$\Leftrightarrow f_{X|Y}(x|Y = y) = f_{X}(x) \quad \forall x, y$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f_{Y|X}(y|X = x) = f_{Y}(y) \quad \forall x, y$$

Ex 5.23 由 Ex 5.18, Ex 5.19

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8}(x+y) & , & 0 \le x \le 2, 0 \le y \le 2 \\ 0 & , & o.w. \end{cases}$$

 \Rightarrow

$$f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_Y(y)} = \frac{\frac{1}{8}(x+y)}{\frac{1}{4}(y+1)} = \frac{x+y}{2(y+1)}$$
 $0 \le x \le 2$

$$\therefore f_{X|Y}(x|Y=y) = \begin{cases} \frac{(x+y)}{2(y+1)} &, & 0 \le x \le 2\\ 0 &, & o.w. \end{cases}$$

同理,
$$f_{Y|X}(y|X=x) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_X(x)} = \frac{x+y}{2(x+1)}$$
 $0 \le y \le 2$

i.e.
$$f_{Y|X}(y|X=x) = \begin{cases} \frac{(x+y)}{2(x+1)} & , & 0 \le y \le 2\\ 0 & , & o.w. \end{cases}$$

:
$$f_{Y|X}(y|X=x) = \frac{x+y}{2(x+1)} \neq f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{4}(y+1)$$

.. X,Y dependent