

第五章 雙變量隨機變數

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第 5.4 節 連續隨機變數的聯合分配

Recall: X 與 Y 的 joint cdf $F_{X,Y}$ 定義為 $F_{X,Y}(x, y) = P(X \leq x, Y \leq y)$

若 $F_{X,Y}$ 為連續函數，且除了有限個點以外均為可微，則稱 X, Y 具有連續的聯合分配 (continuous joint distribution)

$$\text{令 } f_{X,Y}(x, y) = \frac{\partial F_{X,Y}(x, y)}{\partial x \partial y}$$

$f_{X,Y}$ 稱為聯合機率密度函數 (joint pdf), 其必定滿足:

- $f_{X,Y}(x, y) \geq 0, \forall x, y \in \mathfrak{R}$
- $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(x, y) dy dx = 1$

連續型 joint cdf 為

$$F_{X,Y}(x, y) = \int_{-\infty}^x \int_{-\infty}^y f_{X,Y}(s, t) ds dt \quad (\text{雙重積分})$$

比較: discrete joint cdf: $F_{X,Y}(x, y) = \sum_{s \leq x} \sum_{t \leq y} f_{X,Y}(s, t)$

Ex 5.15 X, Y 在 $[r, s] \times [u, v]$ 的 joint pdf 為

$$f_{X,Y}(x, y) = \begin{cases} c, & r \leq x \leq s, u \leq y \leq v \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\because \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(x, y) dy dx = 1$$

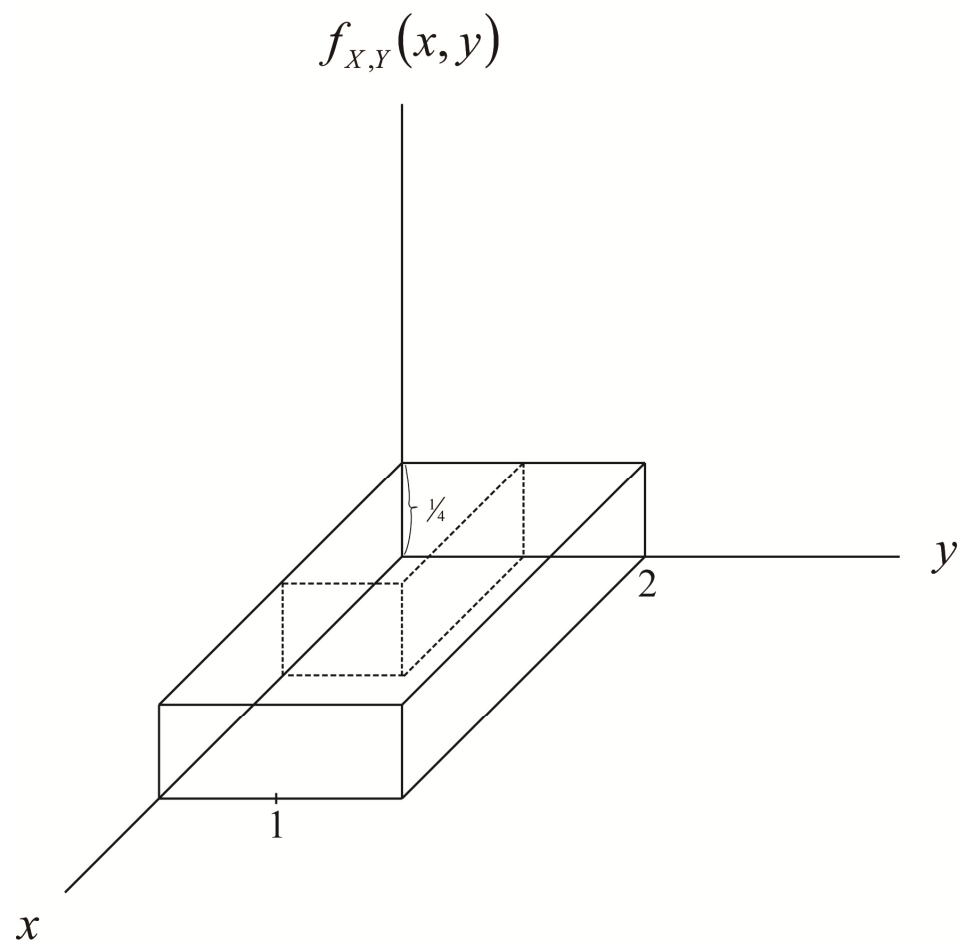
$$\Rightarrow \int_r^s \int_u^v c dy dx = c(s-r)(v-u) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{(s-r)(v-u)}$$

例如： $[r, s], [u, v]$ 皆為 $[0, 2]$.

則：

$$f_{X,Y}(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0, & 0 \leq y \leq 2 \end{cases}$$



另外,

$$F_{X,Y}(1,1) = \int_{-\infty}^1 \int_{-\infty}^1 \frac{1}{4} dy dx = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{4} dy dx = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$F_{X,Y}(1,1.5) = \int_{-\infty}^1 \int_{-\infty}^{1.5} \frac{1}{4} dy dx = \int_0^1 \int_0^{1.5} \frac{1}{4} dy dx = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$F_{X,Y}(1.5,1) = \frac{3}{8}$$

Note : $F_{X,Y}$ 具有非遞減性，無論 X,Y 為 discrete or continuous.

Ex 5.16 考慮以下 joint pdf $f_{X,Y}(x, y) = \begin{cases} h(x+y), & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ & 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(x, y) dy dx = 1$$

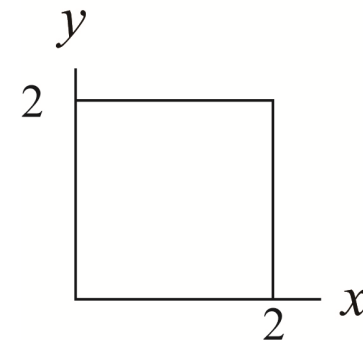
$$\Rightarrow \int_0^2 \int_0^2 h(x+y) dy dx = 1$$

$$= h \int_0^2 \int_0^2 (x+y) dy dx = h \int_0^2 \left(xy + \frac{1}{2} y^2 \right) \Big|_{y=0}^2 dx$$

$$= h \int_0^2 (2x+2) dx = h \cdot \left(x^2 + 2x \right) \Big|_0^2 = h(4+4) = 8h$$

$$\therefore 8h = 1 \Rightarrow h = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\therefore f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8}(x+y), & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ & 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$



The joint *cdf* of (x, y) is

$$F_{X,Y}(x,y) = P(X \leq x, Y \leq y) = \int_{-\infty}^x \int_{-\infty}^y f_{X,Y}(s,t) ds dt$$

$$= \begin{cases} \int_0^x \int_0^y \frac{1}{8}(s+t) ds dt, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ & 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 1, & x > 2 \\ & y > 2 \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{8} \int_0^x \left(\frac{1}{2} s^2 + ts \right) \Big|_{s=0}^{s=y} dt &= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^x \left(\frac{1}{2} y^2 + ty \right) dt = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{y^2}{2} t + \frac{y}{2} t^2 \right) \Big|_{t=0}^{t=x} \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{y^2}{2} x + \frac{y}{2} x^2 \right) = \frac{1}{16} xy(x+y) \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore F_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{16} xy(x+y), & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ & 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 1, & x > 2 \\ & y > 2 \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

Note :

X, Y continuous r.v.s with joint pdf $f_{X,Y}(x, y)$

$$\Rightarrow P(a_1 \leq X \leq a_2, b_1 \leq Y \leq b_2) = \int_{a_1}^{a_2} \left(\int_{b_1}^{b_2} f_{X,Y}(x, y) dy \right) dx$$

i.e. $f_{X,Y}(x, y)$ 曲面下與 $a_1 \leq x \leq a_2$, $b_1 \leq y \leq b_2$ 所包圍的體積。